

The Brakes Final Salary Pension Scheme (the "Scheme")

Statement of Investment Principles – August 2022

1. Introduction

The Trustee of the Brakes Pension Scheme (the "Scheme") has drawn up this Statement of Investment Principles (the "Statement") to comply with the requirements of the Pensions Act 1995 (the "Act") and associated legislation including the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005 (as amended). The Statement is intended to affirm the investment principles that govern decisions about the Scheme's investments. The Trustee's investment responsibilities are governed by the Scheme's Trust Deed and Rules, of which this Statement takes full regard.

In preparing this Statement, the Trustee has consulted a suitably qualified person by obtaining written advice from Mercer Limited ("Mercer"). In addition, consultation has been undertaken with Brakes Group Limited (the "Sponsor") to ascertain whether there are any material issues of which the Trustee should be aware in agreeing the Scheme's investment arrangements and, in particular on the Trustee's objectives.

2. Process For Choosing Investments

The Trustee has appointed Mercer to act as discretionary investment manager, to implement the Trustee's strategy whereby the level of investment risk reduces as the Scheme's funding level improves. In this capacity, and subject to agreed restrictions, the Scheme's assets are invested in multi-client collective investment schemes ("Mercer Funds") managed by a management company (Mercer Global Investments Management Limited ("MGIM")). MGIM has appointed Mercer Global Investments Europe Limited ("MGIE") as investment manager of the Mercer Funds. In practice, MGIE delegates the discretionary investment management for the Mercer Funds to third party investment managers and those sub-investment managers will manage either a sub-fund or certain segments of a sub-fund. Mercer has expertise in identifying, selecting and combining highly rated fund managers who are best placed and resourced to manage the Scheme's assets on a day to day basis. In addition to the investments with Mercer, the Scheme invests in a number of private market assets.

In considering appropriate investments for the Scheme, the Trustee has obtained and considered the written advice of Mercer, whom the Trustee believes to be suitably qualified to provide such advice. The advice received and arrangements implemented are, in the Trustee's opinion, consistent with the requirements of Section 36 of the Pensions Act 1995 (as amended).

3. Investment Objectives

The Trustee understands that taking some investment risk, with the support of the Sponsor, is necessary to improve the Scheme's current and ongoing solvency funding positions. The Trustee recognises that equity (and other growth asset) investment will bring increased volatility to the funding level, but in the expectation of improvements in the Scheme's funding level through equity (and other growth asset) outperformance of the liabilities over the long term.

The Trustee's primary objective is to act in the best interest of its members and ensure that the obligations to the beneficiaries of the Scheme can be met. In meeting this objective the Trustee's further objectives are to:

- The Trustee aims to achieve a return on the Scheme's assets of 2.1% p.a. in excess of the return on the liability benchmark over rolling 5 year period.
- The Trustee expects to continue with this Investment Objective until full funding on the Technical Provisions basis is achieved.
- The Trustee has set a Long Term Investment Objective of 1.5% p.a. in excess of the Liability Benchmark over rolling 5 year periods, which it expects to work towards over the longer term.

The Trustee recognises this ultimately means investing in a portfolio of bonds but believe that at the current time some investment in equities and other growth assets ("Growth Portfolio") is justified to target enhanced return expectations and thereby target funding level improvements. The Trustee recognises that this introduces investment risk and these risks are discussed below.

The Trustee has agreed that the Scheme should move progressively towards a target of an entirely bond-based investment strategy ("Matching Portfolio") as its funding level increases. The Trustee will monitor progress against this target. The Scheme currently targets a c.120% hedge of its assets which is consistent with the approach adopted by the Scheme's previous investment consultant.

The objectives set out above and the risks and other factors referenced in this Statement are those that the Trustee determines to be financially material considerations. Non-financial considerations are discussed in section 9.

4. Risk Management and Measurement

There are various risks to which any pension scheme is exposed. The Trustee's policy on risk management over the Scheme's anticipated lifetime is as follows:

- The primary risk upon which the Trustee focuses is that arising through a mismatch between the Scheme's assets and its liabilities and the Sponsor's ability to support this mismatch risk.
- The Trustee recognises that whilst increasing risk increases potential returns over a long period, it also increases the risk of a shortfall in returns relative to that required to cover the Scheme's accruing liabilities as well as producing more volatility in the Scheme's funding position.
- To control the risk outlined above, the Trustee, having taken advice, set the split between the Scheme's Growth and Matching Portfolio such that the expected return on the overall portfolio is expected to be sufficient to meet the objectives outlined in section 3.
- Whilst moving towards the target funding level, the Trustee recognises that even if the Scheme's assets are invested in the Matching Portfolio there may still be a mismatch between the interest-rate and inflation sensitivity of the Scheme's assets and the Scheme's liabilities due to the mismatch in duration between assets in the Matching Portfolio and actuarial liabilities.
- The Trustee recognises the risks that may arise from the lack of diversification of investments. To control this risk the Trustee has delegated the asset allocation decisions within the Growth and Matching Portfolios to Mercer (subject to certain restrictions). Mercer aims to

ensure the asset allocation policy in place results in an adequately diversified portfolio. Mercer provides the Trustee with regular monitoring reports regarding the level of diversification within the Trustee's portfolio.

- To help the Trustee ensure the continuing suitability of the current investments, Mercer provides the Trustee with regular reports regarding the performance of the underlying asset managers appointed within the relevant Mercer Funds to enable the monitoring of differences between the expected and experienced levels of risk and return.
- There is a risk that the day-to-day management of the assets will not achieve the rate of investment return expected by the Trustee.
- To help diversify manager-specific risk, within the context of each of the Growth and Matching Portfolios, the Trustee expects that the Scheme's assets are managed by appropriate underlying asset managers.
- The Trustee recognises the risks inherent in holding illiquid assets, including private market assets. The Trustee has carefully considered the Scheme's liquidity requirements and time horizon when setting the investment strategy and liquidity risk is managed by ensuring illiquid asset classes represent an appropriate proportion of the overall investment strategy.
- The Scheme is subject to currency risk because some of the investment vehicles in which the Scheme invests are denominated or priced in a foreign currency. Within the context of the Mercer Funds used in the Growth and Matching Portfolios, to limit currency risk, a target non-sterling currency exposure is set and the level of non-sterling exposure is managed using currency hedging derivatives such as forwards and swaps. Appropriate currency hedging arrangements are also in place for the Scheme's non-Mercer private market assets.
- The Trustee recognises that environmental, social and corporate governance concerns, including climate change, have a financially material impact on return. Section 9 sets out how these risks are managed.
- Should there be a material change in the Scheme's circumstances, the Trustee will advise Mercer, who will review whether and to what extent the investment arrangements should be altered; in particular whether the current strategy remains appropriate.

5. Investment Strategy

The Trustee, with advice from the Scheme's investment consultant and Scheme Actuary, recently reviewed the Scheme's investment strategy. This review considered the Trustee's investment objectives, their ability and willingness to take risk (the "risk budget") and how this risk budget should be allocated and implemented.

6. Realisation of Investments

The Trustee on behalf of the Scheme holds shares in the Mercer Funds. In its capacity as investment manager to the Mercer Funds, MGIE, and the underlying third party asset managers appointed by MGIE, within parameters stipulated in the relevant appointment documentation, have discretion in the timing of the realisation of investments and in considerations relating to the liquidity of those investments.

7. Cash flow and cash flow management

Cash flows, whether positive or negative, are taken into account by Mercer when it rebalances the Scheme's assets in line with the Scheme's strategic allocation. Mercer is responsible for raising cash flows to meet the Scheme's requirements.

8. Rebalancing

As noted, responsibility for monitoring the Scheme's asset allocation and any rebalancing activity is undertaken by Mercer for the Mercer funds. Mercer reviews the balance between the Growth and Matching Portfolios on an ongoing basis. If at any time the balance between the Growth and Matching Portfolios is deemed to be outside an agreed tolerance range, Mercer will seek to rebalance these allocations back towards the target allocations.

The ranges have been designed to ensure that unnecessary transaction costs are not incurred by frequent rebalancing.

Rebalancing takes place in accordance with the provisions of the discretionary investment management agreement entered into between the Trustee and Mercer, and unless specifically agreed, any assets outside of the Growth and Matching Portfolios will not be part of such rebalancing.

9. Environmental, Social, and Corporate Governance, Stewardship, and Climate Change

The Trustee believes that environmental, social, and corporate governance (ESG) factors may have a material impact on investment risk and return outcomes, and that good stewardship can create and preserve value for companies and markets as a whole. The Trustee also recognises that long-term sustainability issues, particularly climate change, present risks and opportunities that increasingly may require explicit consideration.

As noted above, the Trustee has appointed Mercer to act as discretionary investment manager in respect of the Scheme's assets and such assets are invested in a range of Mercer Funds managed by MGIE and private market assets managed by a range of investment managers. Asset managers appointed to manage the Mercer Funds are expected to evaluate ESG factors, including climate change considerations, and exercise voting rights and stewardship obligations attached to the investments, in accordance with their own corporate governance policies and current best practice, including the UK Stewardship Code.

The United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) inform Mercer's long term investment beliefs and direct Mercer's and the Trustee thinking when it comes to converting systemic risks into transformational investment opportunities as outlined in Mercer's [Sustainability Policy](#).

The Trustee considers how ESG, climate change and stewardship is integrated within Mercer's, and MGIE's, investment processes and those of the underlying asset managers in the monitoring process. Mercer, and MGIE, is expected to provide reporting to the Trustee on a regular basis, at least annually, on ESG integration progress, stewardship monitoring results, and climate-related metrics. Mercer's Climate Change Management report highlights the approach to the TCFD framework in more detail, including example analysis on strategy targets and metrics.

An allocation to Sustainable Equities is directly made by the Scheme.

The Trustee recognises the conflict of interest which may arise in the context of responsible investment. Mercer and MGIE make investment decisions with the aim of improving long-term risk adjusted returns and assesses whether selected sub-investment managers have policies and procedures that manage conflicts in relation to stewardship. Sub-investment managers are required to report on any conflicts of interest and demonstrate that they have adhered to their conflicts of interest policies and reported any breaches.

Member views

Member views are not taken into account in the selection, retention and realisation of investments.

Investment Restrictions

The Trustee has not set any investment restrictions in relation to particular Mercer Funds.

10. Trustee's policies with respect to arrangements with, and evaluation of the performance and remuneration of, asset managers and portfolio turnover costs

When engaging Mercer as discretionary investment manager to implement the Trustee's investment strategy outlined in section 5, the Trustee is concerned that, as appropriate and to the extent applicable, Mercer is incentivised to align its strategy and decisions with the profile and duration of the liabilities of the Scheme, in particular, long-term liabilities.

As Mercer manages the Scheme's assets by way of investment in Mercer Funds, which are multi-client collective investment schemes, the Trustee accepts that they do not have the ability to determine the risk profile and return targets of specific Mercer Funds but the Trustee expects Mercer to manage the assets in a manner that is consistent with the Trustee's overall investment strategy as outlined in section 4. The Trustee has taken steps to satisfy themselves that Mercer has the appropriate knowledge and experience to do so and keeps Mercer's performance under ongoing review.

Should Mercer fail to align its investment strategies and decisions with the Trustee's policies, it is open to the Trustee to disinvest some or all of the assets invested managed by Mercer, to seek to renegotiate commercial terms or to terminate Mercer's appointment.

To evaluate performance, the Trustee receives, and considers, investment performance reports produced on a quarterly basis, which presents performance information and commentary in respect of the Scheme's funding level and the Mercer Funds in which the Trustee is invested. Such reports have information covering fund performance for the previous three months, one-year, three years and since inception. Performance reporting information is also provided on the Scheme's private market assets. The Trustee reviews the absolute performance and relative performance against a portfolio's and underlying investment manager's benchmark (over the relevant time period) on a net of fees basis. The Trustee's focus is on the medium to long-term financial and non-financial performance of Mercer, the Mercer Funds and the private market investments.

Neither Mercer or MGIE make investment decisions based on their assessment about the performance of an issuer of debt or equity. Instead, assessments of the medium to long-term financial and non-financial performance of an issuer are made by the underlying third party asset managers appointed by MGIE to manage assets within the Mercer Funds. Those managers are in a position to engage directly with such issuers in order to improve their performance in the medium to long term. The Trustee is, however, able to consider Mercer's and MGIE's assessment of how each underlying third party asset manager embeds ESG into their investment process and how the manager's responsible investment philosophy aligns with the Trustee's own responsible investment policy. This includes the asset managers' policies on voting and engagement.

Section 9 provides further details of the steps taken, and information available, to review the decisions made by managers, including voting history and the engagement activities of

managers to identify decisions that appear out of line with a Mercer Fund's investment objectives or the objectives/policies of the Scheme.

The asset managers are incentivised as they will be aware that their continued appointment by MGIE will be based on their success in meeting MGIE's expectations. If MGIE is dissatisfied then it will, where appropriate, seek to replace the manager.

The Trustee is a long-term investor and is not looking to change their investment arrangements on an unduly frequent basis. However, the Trustee does keep those arrangements under review, including the continued engagement of Mercer using, among other things, the reporting described above.

The Trustee monitors, and evaluates, the fees it pays for asset management services on an ongoing basis taking into account the progress made in achieving its investment strategy objectives as outlined in section 5. Mercer's, and MGIE's, fees are based on a percentage of the value of the Scheme's assets under management which covers the investment management of the assets. In addition, the underlying third party asset managers of the Mercer Funds also charge fees based on a percentage of the value of the assets under management. In some instances, some of the underlying managers may also be entitled to charge fees based on their performance.

MGIE reviews the fees payable to third party asset managers managing assets invested in the Mercer Funds on a regular basis with any negotiated fee savings passed directly to the Scheme. Mercer's, MGIE's, and the third party asset managers', fees are outlined in a quarterly investment strategy report prepared for the Trustee, excluding performance-related fees and other expenses involved in the Mercer Funds not directly related with the management fee. In addition to the Mercer Funds, the Scheme also invests in a number of private market funds. The underlying managers of the private market funds have their own fee structure in place

Details of all costs and expenses are included in the Mercer Funds' Supplements, the Report & Accounts and within the Scheme's annualized, MiFID II compliant Personalised Cost & Charges statement. The Scheme's Personalised Cost & Charges statement also include details of the transaction costs associated with investment in the Mercer Funds.

The Trustee does not have an explicit targeted portfolio turnover range, but rebalancing ranges have been designed to avoid unnecessary transaction costs being incurred by unduly frequent rebalancing. Performance is reviewed net of portfolio turnover costs, with the review of portfolio turnover of the underlying investment managers undertaken by MGIE.

11. Additional Assets

Under the terms of the trust deed the Trustee is responsible for the investment of any Additional Voluntary Contributions paid by members. The Trustee reviews the investment performance of the chosen providers as appropriate and take advice as to the providers' continued suitability.

12. Review of this Statement

The Trustee will review this Statement at least once every three years and without delay after any significant change in investment policy. Any change to this Statement will only be made after having obtained and considered the written advice of someone who the Trustee reasonably believes to be qualified by their ability in and practical experience of financial matters and to have the appropriate knowledge and experience of the management of pension scheme investments.