

Summer 2023

It's been a busy year since the last time we wrote to you. The global economy is continuing to feel the impact of geo-political tensions, which brings increased volatility in investment markets and higher inflation levels and puts added pressure on many people's finances. We pay close attention to how external factors might impact the Scheme and make any changes needed to safeguard it in the best interests of our members.

In the last year, some schemes experienced significant challenges as a result of volatility in the gilt market. There were reports of pension funds 'collapsing' as a result of the economic turbulence. However, rather than bringing any real risk of collapse, this market volatility led to short-term liquidity issues for some pension schemes. We're pleased to tell you that the Scheme hasn't suffered any long-term effects of that period and remains financially strong despite the volatility of the economic climate. Our news section covers the Pension Regulator's expectations for trustees following the gilt market volatility.

For an update on the financial position of the Scheme, you can refer to our latest summary funding statement, which includes information on the funding position as of 31 December 2022. The headline is that the contributions under the recovery plan are on track to restore the funding position to 100% by 31 March 2028.

We have also provided a summary of the year's accounts and membership figures as well as the latest on the Scheme's investments.

In wider news, we provide an update on Pensions Dashboards, an initiative that aims to provide people with online access to all of their UK pensions in one place. We also cover relevant updates from pension transfer regulations, the Government's latest review of State Pension Age, and the 2023 Spring Budget.

If you have any questions about the Scheme or your benefits, or you have a topic you want to see covered in our next issue, please do not hesitate to contact us. You can find our contact details on page 6.

Kevin Wesbroom Chair of the Trustees

In this issue

In numbers	pg 2
Investment update	pg 3
In the news	pgs 4-5
More information	pg 6
Summary Funding Statement	pgs 7-8

In numbers

The membership

At 31 December 2022 there were 785 members in the Scheme compared with 795 members at 31 December 2021.

369	Deferred members - no longer building up benefits but have benefits in the Scheme for when they retire.
416	Pensioner members - receiving benefits from the Scheme (including the dependants of members who have died).

The accounts

Here we show headline figures from the Scheme's Annual Report and Accounts. If you would like more detail, please request a copy of the full report using the contact details on page 6.

The value of the assets supporting the Scheme at 31 December 2022	£41.3 million	
The decrease in the value of the assets over the reporting year	£21.0 million	
The total value of Company contributions paid in to the Scheme during the year	£3.8 million	
The total value of benefits paid to members during the year	£2.7 million	

Investment update

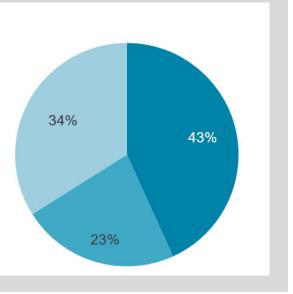
As trustees, it is our responsibility to decide on the overall investment strategy, and to make changes as and when appropriate. We work closely with our investment advisers and we keep a close eye on how the funds are performing.



At 31 December 2022, the Scheme held assets of £41.3 million compared with £62.3 million at the same date last year (not including AVCs).

The chart adjacent shows how the Scheme's investments were allocated at 31 December 2022, across asset types.

- Schroder Diversified Growth 43%
- Schroder Matching 23%
- Insurance Policies 34%



Performance

Over the year to 31 December 2022, the Schroder Diversified Growth fund decreased in value by 10.7% gross of fees, compared to its target of 7.1%.

The Schroder Matching fund is designed to protect the Scheme from changes to the value of the underlying liabilities. The percentage change in the Schroder Matching fund up to 31 December 2022 has closely matched the percentage change in the value of the covered liabilities.

The Insurance Policies, held with Legal & General and Avivia, provide annuity income to the Schee that matches the payments to the pensioenrs covered by these policies.

We will continue to monitor performance and make any changes we feel are necessary.

For further details on our investment approach, read our Statement of Investment Principles (SIP) at https://pensioninformation.aon.com/bfp

You can also read our engagement policy Implementation Statement showing how our policy on engagement activities and voting has been followed during the year.

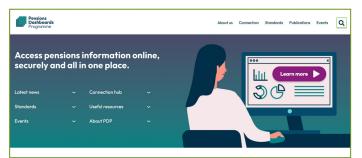
In the news

Pensions Dashboards: update

The Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) is introducing a Pensions Dashboards framework to help individuals seek information on all their UK pension savings in one go.

The Government has now confirmed that it is delaying the dates when schemes are required to connect to Pensions Dashboards, due to the complexities of building such a project. Dashboards are still going ahead and we will communicate any further updates as they become available.

To learn about the project, go to www.pensionsdashboardsprogramme.org.uk



Diversity, equity and inclusion

An increasingly important consideration for trustee boards is diversity, equity and inclusion. This includes considerations such as ensuring that:

- all members are getting information in an accessible way, and
- those involved in running schemes have diverse backgrounds, skills, experience, personalities and characteristics in order to make better decisions.

We are committed to ensuring that the information we provide is accessible to all, and - in line with the Pension Regulator's new guidance on this topic - we, along with many trustee boards, will be considering our skills, strengths and any gaps over the coming months. We will keep you updated.

How to protect yourself from pension scams

You may remember we told you in last year's newsletter that new regulations had been introduced that aim to provide more protection to you as members against fraudulent practices, giving you more confidence when making big decisions about your pension.

Being able to spot warning signs and reading up on the official guidance also helps protect you from fraudsters (see below to learn more).

There are common signs to look for to protect yourself from pension scams. These include receiving unsolicited contact about your pension or a push to make a quick decision.

To learn more about common signs of a scam, we recommend a read of the following MoneyHelper article. Go to:

www.moneyhelper.org.uk/en/moneytroubles/scams/how-to-spot-a-pension-scam

or scan the QR code.

If you're concerned about falling victim to a pension scam, the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) also provides guidance on how to spot potential scams.



Remember, it is always advisable to seek professional advice before making any significant financial decisions. See 'Taking advice' on page 6.

State Pension Age

The Government recently published its second periodic review of the State Pension Age.

The first review in 2017 recommended that the increase in State Pension Age from 67 to 68 should take place seven years earlier than the current legislative timetable (which sets a change to 68 between 2044 and 2046; the change from 66 to 67 is already planned between 2026 and 2028).

At the time, the Government said it would legislate to bring that increase forward, but that it would consider the most up-to-date life expectancy projections before doing so.

However, the Government has now announced that the timetable will remain unchanged from the current legislated timetable. Instead it set out plans for a further review of the increase to age 68 within two years of the next Parliament. The Government also confirmed that it is committed to the principle of providing 10 years' notice of changes to the State Pension Age.

In the news

The Pension Regulator's response to the LDI crisis

As we mention in our introduction, gilt yields increased at an unprecedented speed in September 2022, creating issues for pension arrangements.

For defined benefit (DB) schemes, there were liquidity pressures as LDI (Liability Driven Investment) managers were required to seek further assets as additional security.

A DB scheme that does not meet its asset requirements may lose some of its hedging protection that is required to manage risks. This could mean its funding level is less well-protected against a fall in the expected returns on bonds in the future - a key factor in calculating a DB scheme's financial situation.

The Pension Regulator recently published its expectations for trustees of DB schemes in relation to this.

In summary it notes that:

The trustees of DB schemes should engage with their investment advisers and pay close attention to their operational processes, liquidity position, liability hedging position, and funding and risk position.

As Trustees of the Scheme, we are fully committed to meeting the Regulator's expectations.



Spring Budget 2023: pension tax allowances The Chancellor's Spring Budget included some sweeping changes to the pension tax allowances with effect from 6 April 2023.

In summary:

- The Lifetime Allowance has effectively been abolished. No tax charges apply for exceeding the Lifetime Allowance during the 2023/24 tax year. However, much of the detail is still to be confirmed, so we will keep you updated as more detail is released.
- The Annual Allowance increased from £40,000 to £60,000.
- The tapered Annual Allowance now starts to apply to those earning £260,000 per year (up from £240,000 per year), while the minimum tapered Annual Allowance has increased from £4,000 to £10,000.
- The Money Purchase Annual Allowance has also increased from £4,000 to £10,000.

If you're uncertain about how these changes may affect your retirement plans, consider taking impartial financial advice (see page 6).

The Lifetime Allowance is a limit on the total amount of pension benefits you can build up over your lifetime (excluding the State pension) without triggering an extra tax charge.

The Annual Allowance is a limit on the amount of pension benefits you can build up in a tax year without triggering a tax charge. A tapered Annual Allowance applies for high earners.

The Money Purchase Annual Allowance works in a similar way to the standard Annual Allowance but only applies if you access Defined Contribution (DC) pension savings and continue to build up pension benefits.



More information

To find out more about the Scheme, please use the contact details below.

There are lots of useful websites that can help you understand your options and support you with your retirement planning.

Get to know your pension at www.yourpension.gov.uk.

The site has a tool that can quickly generate you a retirement checklist to help you assess where you are with your planning. It also has useful links to a pension calculator, a State Pension calculator and more.

Picture your future at

http://www.retirementlivingstandards.org.uk The retirement living standards show you what life in retirement looks like at three different levels, and what a range of common goods and services would cost for each level.

MoneyHelper

MoneyHelper is a free, impartial guidance service, backed by the Government. It brings together the support that was previously available through the Money Advice Service, the Pensions Advisory Service and Pension Wise.

www.moneyhelper.org.uk

Contact point

Please use any of the methods below to get in touch with the Administration team.

Email: bfp.pensions@aon.co.uk

Phone: 0330 123 4936

(lines are open Monday to Friday, 9am to 5pm)

Write to: British Fermentation Products Limited Retirement Benefits Scheme, Aon Limited Scanning Division, PO Box 196, Huddersfield, HD8 1EG

Behind the scenes

As trustees, we maintain up-to-date knowledge of pensions, investments and finance. We also attend training courses as and when necessary, for example, when pensions legislation changes. We meet regularly throughout the year to discuss how the Scheme is progressing.

There have been some changes to the Trustee Board during the year and the current Trustees are listed below. The Board is made up of Company-appointed Trustees and member-nominated Trustees.

Company-appointed	Member-nominated
Capital Cranfield Pension Trustees Limited, Chair, represented by K Wesbroom	D Spruce
C Wisniewski (resigned 31 July 2022	
Jerome Ronze (appointed 1 August 2022)	

Reminder to keep us up to date

Please let us know if you change your name or address so we can continue to contact you about the Scheme and your benefits.

Please also update your Expression of Wishes form if you need to. This tells us who you would like to receive any benefits that become payable in the event of your death. As the Trustees, we have the final say over who receives the benefits. We will consider your Expression of Wishes form, so if you have never filled one in, or you have not done so recently, particularly if your circumstances have changed, please complete a form and send it to us.

Please use the contact details on the left to request a blank form.

Taking advice

If you would like advice about your retirement plans, we recommend you speak with an independent financial adviser. You can find an adviser in your area by searching MoneyHelper's online directory.

Go to www.moneyhelper.org.uk and choose Pensions and retirement > Taking your pension > Find a retirement adviser.

Remember: if you would like more information about the Scheme, you can request a copy of the Trustees' Annual Report & Accounts. Contact the administration team (details on the left).

We also appoint professionals to support us on areas of particular expertise.

Administrator	Aon Solutions (UK) Limited	
Actuary	Roxanne Thompson (appointed 1 October 2022)	
	Susannah Calder (resigned 30 September 2022)	
Auditor	Crowe U.K. LLP	
Covenant Adviser	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	
Investment Adviser	Schroder Investment Management Limited	
Legal Adviser	Osborne Clarke LLP	

Summary Funding Statement

This section summarises the results of the funding update at 31 December 2022. It also looks at the most recent previous results. These financial health checks are vital for monitoring the Scheme's progress. We hope the information helps you to understand how the Scheme is developing.

The latest position

The table below shows how the funding position has changed since the valuation at 31 December 2021 and the last funding updates at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2022.

	Update	Valuation	Update
Date	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
The funding level	75%	76%	76%
The funding target	£54.9 million	£82.0 million	£81.6 million
The value of the Scheme's assets	£41.3 million	£62.3 million	£61.7 million
The overall position	Shortfall of £13.6 million	Shortfall of £19.7 million	Shortfall of £19.9 million

The latest update shows that the funding level has remained broadly unchanged since the previous year's valuation and the update at 31 December 2020. However, there has been a significant reduction in the funding shortfall.

The decrease in the shortfall over the period since the last valuation is largely a result of increases in yields available on Government bonds. This decreases the amount of money that needs to be put aside now to pay benefits at a later date.

The next financial check will be based on the Scheme's position at 31 December 2023. We will report on the results once they are completed.

It is important to remember that it is normal for pension scheme funding levels to fluctuate over time. Even when funding is temporarily below target, the Scheme will continue to pay benefits in full as long as it continues.

Summary Funding Statement

Removing the shortfall

As part of the valuation at 31 December 2021, we agreed with the Company to bring the Scheme to a fully funded position. This is known as a 'recovery plan'. The Company agreed to pay:

- **£**3,700,000 by 31 March 2022
- **£**3,800,000 by 31 March 2023
- £3,800,000 by 31 March 2024
- £3,900,000 by 31 March 2025
- £1,500,000 by 31 March 2026
- £1,000,000 by 31 March 2027
- £1,500,000 by 31 March 2028

These contributions and anticipated investment returns are expected to elimate the shortfall by 31 March 2028.

In addition, the Company continues to pay:

- The amount of the PPF levies up to a maximum of £150,000 per year;
- The expenses involved with the GMP equalisation project up to £100,000 in total; and
- The other expenses of running the Scheme up to a maximum of £200,000 each year.

The next formal valuation will look at the Scheme's position at 31 December 2024. This will include working out if the recovery plan is on track or if changes need to be agreed.

If the Scheme came to an end

The Scheme's funding level is worked out in two ways.

- The 'ongoing' basis (shown above), which assumes that the Scheme will continue into the future.
- The 'full solvency' basis, which shows the funding position if the Scheme started to 'wind up' at the date of the valuation. If this happened, all members' benefits would have to be secured without delay by buying insurance policies. This would be more expensive than paying benefits gradually over time, so the full solvency position is generally lower than the ongoing position, even for fully funded pension schemes.

At 31 December 2021, the Scheme's full solvency funding level was 56.8% with a shortfall of £47.4 million.

Please note that we are legally required to report the full solvency position as part of this funding statement. The Company has no current plans to end the Scheme.

We must also tell you if there have been any payments to the Company out of Scheme funds in the last 12 months. There have not been.

The Pensions Regulator

The Pensions Regulator is the UK watchdog of workplace pension schemes. It has the authority to change the way occupational pension schemes are run though it has not needed to use its powers in this way for our Scheme. You can find out more about the Regulator online at

www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk.

